## Location and main indicators

| Capital | Stockholm |
| :--- | :--- |
| Language | Swedish |
| Area | $450300 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ |
| Population | 9 million |
| GDP 2011 | 538 billion USD |
| GDP per capita | 56956 USD |
| $\Delta$ GDP 2011 | $+4.0 \%$ |
| $\Delta$ GDP last 5 years | $+7.5 \%$ |
| C urrency | Kronor (SEK) |



Footwear industry

| Value |  | Quantity | Prices |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | Million <br> USD | World <br> Rank | Million <br> Pairs | World <br> Rank | USD |
| Exports | 262 | 33 | 9 | 48 | 27.81 |
| Imports | 949 | 21 | 49 | 38 | 19.22 |
| Production |  | 1 | 112 |  |  |
| Consumption |  | 41 | 54 |  |  |




## Types of footwear traded 2011 (quantity)



## Sectorial organizations

## Recent developments

The footwear industry in Sweden is very small, being located mainly in the area of Örebro. The country imports most of the shoes it needs. China accounts for half of the Swedish imports, in terms of quantity, but less than one quarter in terms of values. Sweden also imports from a diverse range of Asian and European suppliers. Despite the limited local production, Sweden also exports footwear almost exclusively to other Nordic countries. In 2011, both imports and exports increased to new record levels.

## Fairs \& Events

[^0]
[^0]:    Nordic Shoe \& Bag Fair, Stockholm (Fev; Aug) \| www.nordensskoochvaskmassa.se/en/

